

Sensenbrenner
- Jackson-Lee
Doug Collins
Cedric Richmond
Amendment #1
Passed voice vote

AMENDMENT TO H.R. 3713
OFFERED BY MR. SENSENBRENNER OF
WISCONSIN

Add, at the end of the bill, the following:

1 **SEC. 8. REPORT ON MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCING**
2 **PROVISIONS.**

3 (a) **REPORT.**—Not later than 1 year after the date
4 of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, in con-
5 sultation with the United States Sentencing Commission,
6 shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Sen-
7 ate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of
8 Representatives a report on mandatory minimum sen-
9 tencing provisions under Federal law.

10 (b) **CONTENTS OF REPORT.**—The report submitted
11 under subsection (a) shall include—

12 (1) a compilation of all mandatory minimum
13 sentencing provisions under Federal law;

14 (2) an assessment of the effect of mandatory
15 minimum sentencing provisions under Federal law
16 on the goal of eliminating unwarranted sentencing
17 disparity and other goals of sentencing;

1 (3) an assessment of the impact of mandatory
2 minimum sentencing provisions on the Federal pris-
3 on population;

4 (4) an assessment of the compatibility of man-
5 datory minimum sentencing provisions under Fed-
6 eral law and the sentencing guidelines system estab-
7 lished under the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984
8 (Public Law 98-473; 98 Stat. 1987) and the sen-
9 tencing guidelines system in place after *Booker v.*
10 *United States*, 543 U.S. 220 (2005);

11 (5) a description of the interaction between
12 mandatory minimum sentencing provisions under
13 Federal law and plea agreements; and

14 (6) any other information that the Commission
15 determines would contribute to a thorough assess-
16 ment of mandatory minimum sentencing provisions
17 under Federal law.

18 **SEC. 9. SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

19 It is the sense of Congress that reform of the criminal
20 justice system, in order to make it more effective, safe,
21 humane, fiscally sustainable, and fair to victims, law en-
22 forcement, offenders, and the general public, requires the
23 integration of a mental health component as part of a
24 comprehensive reform strategy. This reform strategy
25 should strive to identify those most in need of mental

1 health services and employ best practices to provide emer-
2 gency and crisis services, specialized law enforcement re-
3 sponse training, court hearings for alternative disposi-
4 tions, and appropriate community supervision support
5 services.

